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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/925,021	08/09/2001	Minckazu Sakai	01-186	2499

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WASHINGTON, DC 20036

EXAMINER

CHAPMAN JR, JOHN E

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2856

DATE MAILED: 12/09/2002

5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/925,021

Applicant(s)

SAKAI ET AL.

Examiner

John E Chapman

Art Unit

2856

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4 and 7-17 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 09 August 2001 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on ____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). ____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: .

DETAILED ACTION

1. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 15, line 3, "first and fixed" is unclear. It would appear that --second-- should be inserted before "fixed".

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent.

(f) he did not himself invent the subject matter sought to be patented.

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1-2, 4 and 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Clark et al.

Clark et al. discloses a semiconductor dynamic quantity sensor comprising a movable electrode 21d in Fig. 17 supported at opposite ends on a support substrate 10c having an opening portion 26, and a fixed electrode 21f supported on the support substrate on opposite sides of the opening portion 26. Note that the opening portion 26 connects regions 25a and 25b in Fig. 17 in order to electrically isolate the fixed electrodes 21f from the support substrate.

7. Claim 3, 11 and 13-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Clark et al.

Regarding claim 3, the only difference, if any, between the claimed invention and the prior art consists in the shape of opening 26. It would appear that opening 26 is generally rectangular and, if not, a mere change in shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Rose*, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding claim 11, the widths of frame member 10c in the displacement direction appears to be uniform and, if not, it would have been obvious to make them equal in order to provide a symmetric frame. See *In re Rose*.

Regarding claim 16, it would have been obvious to provide a square frame member 10c. See *In re Rose*.

8. Claims 7-8 and 11-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sakai et al. (6,450,031).

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Regarding claims 7-8, Sakai et al. discloses a semiconductor dynamic quantity sensor comprising a fixed electrode 242 in Fig. 29 wherein the fixed electrode is supported at first and second supporting portions at opposite ends of the interconnection part 241.

Regarding claims 11-17, Sakai et al. discloses a semiconductor dynamic quantity sensor in Fig. 1 comprising a square frame member 5 having a square through hole 8 formed in the middle thereof.

9. Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) as being anticipated the admitted prior art of Fig. 1.

Fig. 1 discloses a semiconductor dynamic quantity sensor comprising a frame member 210 which has uniform width in the direction of displacement X.

10. Claims 14, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the admitted prior art of Fig. 1.

Regarding claim 14, the only difference, if any, between the claimed invention and Fig. 1 consists in having the width of frame member 210 be approximately equal on each side. The widths in Fig. 1B appear to be "approximately equal" and, if not, it would have been obvious to make them equal in order to provide a symmetric sensor. A mere change in size or shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Rose*, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding claim 16, frame member 210 appears to be square and, if not, a square configuration would have been an obvious change in shape. See *In re Rose*.


Regarding claim 17, the widths of frame member 210 in the X-direction appear to be "approximately equal" and, if not, it would have been obvious to make them equal in order to provide a symmetric frame. See *In re Rose*.

11. Claims 5 and 6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Offenberg discloses an acceleration sensor comprising fixed electrodes 21 supported at first and second supporting portions 5 at opposite ends of the connecting beam 10.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mr. Chapman whose telephone number is (703) 305-4920.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.


JOHN E. CHAPMAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER